

Last time:

$$(1) \begin{cases} u_t = \varphi(u)_{xx} & \text{in } \mathbb{R} \times (0, T) =: Q_T \\ u(x, 0) = u_0 & \text{in } \mathbb{R} \end{cases}$$

$$(2) \begin{cases} \frac{U^{n+1} - U^n}{\Delta t} = \Delta_h \varphi(U^n) & \text{in } \mathbb{R}, n = 1, 2, \dots, \frac{T}{\Delta t} \\ U^0 = u_0 & \text{in } \mathbb{R} \end{cases}$$

(A1) $\varphi \in W_{loc}^{1,\infty}$, $\varphi' \geq 0$ (a.e.), $\varphi(0) = 0$

(A2) $u_0 \in L^\infty \cap L^1$, $K = \sup_{|r| \leq M} |\varphi'(r)|$, $M = \sup_n \|U^n\|_\infty (= \|u_0\|_\infty)$

(CFL) $\Delta t \leq \frac{h^2}{2K}$

Prop. 3: (A priori estim.) CFL - cond!

(a) $\|U^n\|_\infty \leq \|u_0\|_\infty$

(b) $\|U^n\|_1 \leq \|u_0\|_1$

(c) $\|U^n - \tau_\delta U^n\|_1 \leq \|u_0 - \tau_\delta u_0\|_1 =: \omega_{u_0}(\delta)$

(d) $\|U^{n+k} - U^n\|_1 \leq \bar{\omega}(k \Delta t)$, $\bar{\omega}$ only dep. on u_0, φ

D. Compactness

OBS: Al...

i) Interpolation in t:

$$\tilde{u}(x,t) = \frac{(n+1)\Delta t - t}{\Delta t} u^n(x) + \frac{t - n\Delta t}{\Delta t} u^{n+1}(x), \quad t \in [n\Delta t, (n+1)\Delta t)$$

p.wise lin. interp.

Prop 3D $\Rightarrow \tilde{u} \in L^\infty(Q_T) \cap C_b([0,T]; L^1(\mathbb{R}))$ and

(a') / (b') $\| \tilde{u}(\cdot, t) \|_{\infty / 1} \leq \| u_0 \|_{\infty / 1}$

(c') $\| \tilde{u}(\cdot, t) - \tau_\delta \tilde{u}(\cdot, t) \|_1 \leq \omega_{u_0}(\delta)$

(d') $\| \tilde{u}(\cdot, t) - \tilde{u}(\cdot, s) \|_1 \leq 3 \bar{\omega}(|t-s| + \Delta t)$

$$\left[\int | \tilde{u}(t) - \tilde{u}(s) | \leq \underbrace{\int | \tilde{u}(t) - \tilde{u}(k\Delta t) |}_{\substack{\leq \bar{\omega}(\Delta t) \\ \text{choose } k, m-}} + \underbrace{\int | \tilde{u}(k\Delta t) - \tilde{u}(m\Delta t) |}_{\substack{\leq \bar{\omega}((k-m)\Delta t) \\ \leq \bar{\omega}(|t-s|)}} + \underbrace{\int | \tilde{u}(m\Delta t) - \tilde{u}(s) |}_{\leq \bar{\omega}(\Delta t)} \right]$$

OBS: $\tilde{u} = \tilde{u}_{h,\Delta t}$

ii) Tightness:

$$\psi_R(x) = 1 - \varphi\left(\frac{x}{R}\right), \quad \varphi \in C_c^\infty, \quad 0 \leq \varphi \leq 1, \quad = 1 \text{ in } [-1,1], \quad = 0 \text{ in } [-2,2]^c$$

$$\int u^{n+1} \psi_R \stackrel{(2)}{=} \int u^n \psi_R + \Delta t \underbrace{\int \Delta_h \varphi(u^n) \psi_R}_{\substack{= \int \varphi(u^n) \Delta_h \psi_R \\ \sim \partial^2 \psi_R \sim \frac{1}{R^2}}}$$

$$= \int u^n \psi_R - O\left(\frac{\Delta t}{R^2} \| \varphi(u^n) \|_1\right) \\ \vdots \\ = \int u_0 \psi_R - O\left(\frac{T}{R^2}\right), \quad (n\Delta t \leq T)$$

Hence

$$\begin{aligned} \sup_{n, h, \Delta t} \int_{|x| > 2R} |u^{n+1}| &\leq \sup_{n, h, \Delta t} \int u^{n+1} \psi_R \\ &\leq \int u_0 \psi_R + K \sup_{n, h, \Delta t} \|u^n\|_1 \frac{T}{R^2} \\ &\leq \int_{|x| > R} u_0 + C \frac{T}{R^2} \rightarrow 0, \end{aligned}$$

and then

Lem. 5: $\sup_{h, \Delta t} \int_{|x| > R} |\tilde{u}(\cdot, t)| \rightarrow 0 \quad \forall t \in [0, T]$
 $R \rightarrow \infty$

(ii) $\{\tilde{u}(\cdot, t)\}_{h, \Delta t > 0}$ precomp. in $L^1 \quad \forall t \in [0, T]$:

Kolmogorov comp. thm + (b'), (c'), Lem 5
 bnd in L^1 equicont tight
 in L^1

(iv) $\{\tilde{u}\}_{h, \Delta t > 0}$ precomp. in $X = C([0, T], L^1(\mathbb{R}))$:

Arzela-Ascoli in X + (iii) and (d')
 pt. w. precomp. equicont.
 in L^1

Conclusion: If $h_n, \Delta t_n \rightarrow 0$ s.t. (CFL) holds
 $n \rightarrow \infty$

Thm. 6: \exists and $\tilde{u}_n := \tilde{u}_{h_n, \Delta t_n}$, then

Prop. 6: $\exists n_k \rightarrow \infty, u \in (C([0, T]; L^1) \cap L^\infty(Q_T))$

s.t. $\tilde{u}_{n_k} \rightarrow u$ in $C([0, T]; L^1(\mathbb{R}))$.

Pf.:

(ii) + A.A. $u \in L^\infty$ since $\|u\|_\infty \leq \|u_0\|_\infty$ by (a') \square

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E. Convergence

4.)

i) Limit eq'n: u D' -sol'n of (1)

$$(2) \cdot \psi(x, t_n) + \int dx + \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \Delta t$$

 \Downarrow

$$\sum \int \underbrace{\frac{\tilde{u}(x, t_{n+1}) - \tilde{u}(x, t_n)}{\Delta t}}_{\text{}} \underbrace{\psi(t_n, x) dx \Delta t}_{\text{}} = \sum \int \Delta_h \varphi(\tilde{u}(t_n)) \psi(t_n) dx \Delta t$$

$$\int \left[\tilde{u}(t_N) \psi(t_{N-1}) - \tilde{u}(0) \psi(0) - \sum_{n=1}^{N-1} \tilde{u}(t_n) \frac{\psi(t_n) - \psi(t_{n-1})}{\Delta t} \Delta t \right] = \int \varphi(\tilde{u}) \Delta_h \psi dx$$

 \downarrow $\text{supp } \psi$
 0
 $\Delta t \rightarrow 0$

$$\psi \in C_c^\infty(\mathbb{R} \times [0, T])$$

$$\Delta_h \psi \rightarrow \Delta \psi \text{ in } L^\infty$$

$$\tilde{u} \rightarrow u \text{ in } C([0, T]; L^1) + \tilde{u} \text{ equi-}L^\infty\text{-bnd}$$

$$\varphi(\tilde{u}) \rightarrow \varphi(u) \text{ in } C([0, T]; L^1)$$

$$\iint (u \psi_t + \varphi(u) \Delta \psi) + \int (u \psi)(0, x) dx = 0$$

(i) LEM. 7: $\tilde{u} \rightarrow u$ in $C([0, T]; L^1) + \tilde{u}$ solves (2) + \tilde{u} equi- L^∞ -bnd.
 $\Rightarrow u$ D' sol'n of (1)

ii) Conv. of $\{\tilde{u}_n\}$

i) + uniqueness for (1)

 \Downarrow

Any $C([0, T]; L^1)$ conv. subsequence of $\{\tilde{u}_n\}_n$ conv. to $\checkmark u$ ^{the same}

\Downarrow
 $\tilde{u}_n \rightarrow u$ in $C([0, T]; L^1)$ (the whole sequence)

[If not, $\exists \delta > 0, \tilde{u}_{n_k}$ s.t. $d_X(\tilde{u}_{n_k}, u) > \delta$

But Prop. 6 + Lem. 7 $\Rightarrow \exists \tilde{u}_{n_{k_i}} \rightarrow u$

Contradiction]

Conclusion:

Thm. 8: $\exists D'$ -sol'n $u \in C([0, T]; L^1(\mathbb{R})) \cap L^\infty(Q_T)$

of (1) and

$\tilde{u}_n \rightarrow u$ in $C([0, T], L^1(\mathbb{R}))$

Pf.:

\exists + conv. : done above

$u \in L^\infty(Q_T)$: Prop 3 (a) + $u_{n_k} \xrightarrow{a.e.} u$ Prop. 3 (b)

$\Rightarrow \|u(\cdot, t)\|_\infty \leq \|u_0\|_\infty \quad \square$

Rem. 5:

a) \exists of D' -sol'n of (1)

b) Conv. of num. meth. (2)

c) u inherits a priori estim's from Prop 3:

(a) $\|u(t)\|_\infty \leq \|u_0\|_\infty$

(c) $\|\tau_\delta u(t) - u(t)\|_1 \leq \omega_{u_0}(\delta)$

(b) $\|u(t)\|_1 \leq \|u_0\|_1$

(d) $\|u(t+\delta) - u(t)\|_1 \leq 3\bar{\omega}(\delta)$