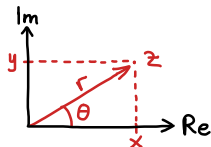


# Complex Analysis

- 1 Complex number:

$$z = x + iy = re^{i\theta} \quad \boxed{i^2 = -1}$$



- 2 Complex exponential function:

$$\boxed{e^z = e^{x+iy} = e^x(\cos y + i \sin y)}$$

Extension of real exponential to  $\mathbb{C}$

$$2\pi i\text{-periodic: } e^{z+2\pi i} = e^z$$

$$e^{z_1} e^{z_2} = e^{z_1+z_2}$$

- 3 Roots:  $w = \sqrt[n]{z} \Leftrightarrow w^n = z$

$$\boxed{w = \sqrt[n]{r} e^{i(\frac{\theta}{n} + 2\pi \frac{k}{n})}, \quad k = 0, 1, \dots, n-1}$$

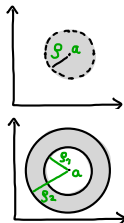
- 4 Sets:

Circle:  $|z - a| = \rho$

Open disk:  $|z - a| < \rho$

Closed annulus:  $\rho_1 \leq |z - a| \leq \rho_2$

Half plane:  $\operatorname{Re} z > 0, \operatorname{Im} z \leq 0, \dots$



# Lecture 14: Complex Analysis

Kreyszig: Section 13.3, 13.4

- 1 Sets: Open, connected, domains
- 2 Complex functions
- 3 Limits, continuity, derivative
- 4 Analytic functions, Cauchy-Riemann equations

**Sets** – as in  $\mathbb{R}^2$

**Limits, continuity** – as for functions  $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$

**Derivatives** – as for functions  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

**OBS:** Du trenger 8 (av 12) øvinger godkjent for å få ta eksamen!!

## Lecture 14: Sets in $\mathbb{C}$

Open (contains neighborhood of each point)

Closed (complement open)

Connected (a curve connects any two points)

Domain (open, connected)

# Lecture 14: Complex functions

## A function $f$

a rule assigning each  $z \in S$  a unique value  $f(z) \in \mathbb{C}$

$S$ : domain of definition

$$w = f(z) = f(x + iy) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$$

Limits, continuity (as for function  $\mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ )

Derivatives ( $\approx$  as for functions  $\mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ )

- differentiation rules as for real functions

## Lecture 14: Analytic functions

$f(z)$  **analytic** in domain  $D$

if  $f$  defined and *differentiable* for all  $z \in D$



**Cauchy-Riemann equations** hold in  $D$ :

$$u_x = v_y, \quad u_y = -v_x$$

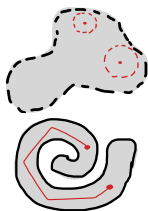
# Summary: Complex Analysis

## 1 Sets in $\mathbb{C}$ :

**Open:** Contains open disk about each point

**Connected:** Any two points can be connected by a finite continuous curve within the set

**Domain:** Open and connected

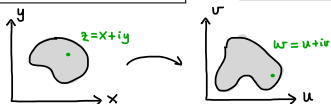


## 2 Complex functions:

Assigns each  $z$  in the domain of definition a unique value  $f(z) \in \mathbb{C}$

$$w = f(z) = u(x, y) + iv(x, y)$$

$$u = \operatorname{Re} w, \quad v = \operatorname{Im} w$$



3 **Limit, continuity:** Same as for functions of 2 real variables

4 **Derivative:** Same definition/rules as for functions of one real variable

5 **Analytic functions:**

$f(z)$  **analytic** in domain  $D$  if defined and *differentiable* in all  $z \in D$

$\Leftrightarrow$  **Cauchy-Riemann equations** hold in  $D$ :  $u_x = v_y, \quad u_y = -v_x$