



Tutorial: Thursday 07.03 16:15-17:00 in Kjl 4.

1 Problem 12.17 in N&W p. 353.

2 (Midterm Exam 2010)

Consider the following constrained optimization problem for $(x_1, x_2) \in \mathbb{R}^2$:

$$\min_{x \in \Omega} \{-4x_1 - x_2\}, \quad (1)$$

where Ω is defined in terms of the constraints

$$0 \leq x_1 \leq 2, \quad (2)$$

$$0 \leq x_2, \quad (3)$$

$$x_2 \leq 3 - x_1. \quad (4)$$

a) Reformulate the constraints into four constraints of the form

$$c_i(x) \geq 0, \quad i = 1, \dots, 4, \quad (5)$$

and write down all KKT-equations and inequalities.

b) Solve the problem graphically by making a sketch of Ω .

c) Identify the active and inactive constraints and the corresponding Lagrange multipliers at the solution.

3 Problem 12.21 in N&W, p. 354.

4 Consider the problem

$$\begin{aligned} & \min(x_2 + x_3), \\ & x \in \Omega = \{x ; x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 1, x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 \geq 1\}. \end{aligned}$$

Note that the feasible domain is unbounded.

a) Show that the only KKT-point for the problem is $(-1, 2, 2)^T / 3$.

b) Use the second order conditions to investigate whether this KKT-point really is a local minimum.