Norwegian University of Science and Technology Institutt for matematiske fag MA0002 Brukerkurs i Matematikk B Vår 2023

Exercise set 10

- 1 Find the equation for the line that goes through the point (3, 2) and is perpendicular to the vector $(-1, 1)^T$.
- 2 Find the equation for the plane that goes through the point (1, 0, -3) and is perpendicular to the vector $(1, -2, -1)^T$.
- 3 Find a parametric equation for the line that goes through the points (2, 1) and (3, 5). Then find the equation for the line on standard form.
- 4 We have
 - (1) A plane that passes through the point (2, 0, -1) and has normal vector $(-1, 1, 3)^T$.
 - (2) A line passing through the points (1, 0, -2) and (-1, -1, 1).

Where does the plane and the line meet?

5 Evaluate the function

$$f(x_1, x_2) = \frac{2x_1 - x_2}{x_1^2 + x_2^2}$$

in the point (1, 4).

6 Find the largest possible domain and corresponding range of the function

$$f(x_1, x_2) = \sqrt{9 - x_1^2 - x_2^2}.$$

Then find the equation for the level curves $f(x_1, x_2) = c$ for the possible values of c.