

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{2} s(s-1) \pi^{-s/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{s}{2}\right) \zeta(s)$$

$$\zeta(s) = e^{A+Bs} \prod_p \left(1 - \frac{s}{p}\right) e^{s/p}$$

$$\left| \frac{\zeta\left(\frac{1}{2}+it\right)}{\zeta\left(-\frac{3}{2}+it\right)} \right| = \frac{e^{A+B\left(\frac{1}{2}+it\right)} \prod_p \left(1 - \frac{\frac{1}{2}+it}{p}\right) e^{\frac{1/2+it}{p}}}{e^{A+B\left(-\frac{3}{2}+it\right)} \prod_p \left(1 - \frac{-\frac{3}{2}+it}{p}\right) e^{\frac{-3/2+it}{p}}}$$

$$= e^{2B} \prod_p \frac{p - (\frac{1}{2}+it)}{p - (-\frac{3}{2}+it)} \cdot e^{2/p}$$

$$= e^{2B} \prod_p \frac{p - (\frac{1}{2}+it)}{p - (-\frac{3}{2}+it)} \cdot e^{2\sum_p \frac{1}{p}}$$

$$= e^{2B} \prod_p \frac{p - (\frac{1}{2}+it)}{p - (-\frac{3}{2}+it)} \cdot e^{-B}$$

$$\sum_p \operatorname{Re}\left\{\frac{1}{p}\right\} = -B$$

$$= \prod_p \left| \frac{\frac{1}{2}+it - (\frac{1}{2}+it)}{\frac{1}{2}+it - (-\frac{3}{2}+it)} \right| = \prod_p \left| \frac{i(\gamma-t)}{2+i(\gamma-t)} \right|$$

$$\begin{aligned} \log \left| \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2}+it\right) \right| - \log \left| \zeta\left(-\frac{3}{2}+it\right) \right| &= \sum_p \log \left| \frac{\gamma-t}{2+i(\gamma-t)} \right|^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_p \log \left(\frac{(\gamma-t)^2}{4+(\gamma-t)^2} \right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \sum_p f(\gamma-t) \end{aligned}$$

$$\log \left| \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2}+it\right) \right| - \log \left| \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2}-it\right) \right| - \log \left| \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2}-it\right) \right|$$

$$\zeta(s) = \zeta(1-s)$$

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$$= \log \left| \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2}+it\right) \right| - \log \left| \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2}-it\right) \right|$$

$$\zeta(s) = \frac{1}{2} s(s-1) \pi^{-s/2} \Gamma\left(\frac{s}{2}\right) \zeta(s)$$

$$\log \left| \zeta\left(\frac{1}{2}+it\right) \right| = \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \ln|s| + \ln\left|\frac{s-1}{2}\right| + \left(-\frac{Re\,s}{2}\right) \log \pi + \log \left| \Gamma\left(\frac{s}{2}\right) \right| + \log |\zeta(s)|$$

$$\Rightarrow \log \left| \zeta(\sigma+it) \right| = \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log|\sigma+it| + \log|\sigma-1+it| - \frac{\sigma}{2} \log \pi + \log \left| \Gamma\left(\frac{\sigma+it}{2}\right) \right| + \log |\zeta(\sigma+it)|$$

$$t \gg 2: \quad \log|\sigma+it| = \frac{1}{2} \log(\sigma^2+t^2) = \frac{1}{2} \log\left(t^2 \left(1+\frac{\sigma^2}{t^2}\right)\right) = \frac{1}{2} \log t^2 + \frac{1}{2} \log\left(1+\frac{\sigma^2}{t^2}\right) = \log t + O\left(\frac{1}{t^2}\right)$$

$$\log \left| \Gamma\left(\frac{\sigma+it}{2}\right) \right| =$$

$$\log \Gamma(s) = (s-\frac{1}{2}) \log s - s + C + O\left(\frac{1}{|s|}\right)$$

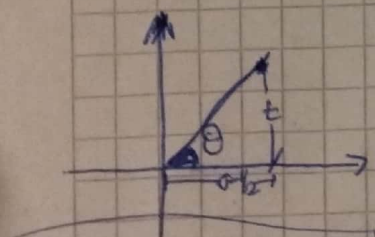
$$\log |\Gamma(s)| = \operatorname{Re}\left((s-\frac{1}{2}) \log s\right) - \operatorname{Re}(s) + C + O\left(\frac{1}{|s|}\right)$$

$$\log |\Gamma(\sigma+it)| = \operatorname{Re}\left((\sigma-\frac{1}{2}+it) \log(\sigma-\frac{1}{2}+it)\right) - \sigma + C + O\left(\frac{1}{|\sigma+it|}\right)$$

$$= (\sigma-\frac{1}{2}) \cdot \log|\sigma-\frac{1}{2}+it| - t \cdot \arg(\sigma-\frac{1}{2}+it) - \sigma + C + O\left(\frac{1}{t}\right)$$

$$= (\sigma-\frac{1}{2}) \log|\sigma-\frac{1}{2}+it| - t \cdot \arg(\sigma-\frac{1}{2}+it) - \sigma + C + O\left(\frac{1}{t}\right)$$

$$= (\sigma-\frac{1}{2}) \cdot \left\{ \log t + O\left(\frac{1}{t^2}\right) \right\} - t \cdot \arctan\left(\frac{t}{\sigma-\frac{1}{2}}\right) - \sigma + C + O\left(\frac{1}{t}\right)$$



$$\arctan X = \frac{\pi}{2} + O\left(\frac{1}{X}\right)$$

$$= (\sigma-\frac{1}{2}) \log t - t \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + O\left(\frac{1}{t}\right) \right\} - \sigma + C + O\left(\frac{1}{t}\right)$$

$$\log |\Gamma(\sigma+it)| = (\sigma-\frac{1}{2}) \log t - t \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} + O(1)$$

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$$\log |\zeta(\sigma+it)| = \log\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \log t + O\left(\frac{1}{t^2}\right) - \frac{\sigma}{2} \log \pi + \ln |\zeta(\sigma+it)|$$

$$+ \left(\frac{\sigma}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\right) \log\left(\frac{t}{2}\right) - \frac{t \cdot \pi}{2 \cdot 2} + O(1)$$

$$\log |\zeta(\sigma+it)| = \left(\frac{\sigma}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\right) \log t - \frac{t \cdot \pi}{2 \cdot 2} + 2 \log t + \log |\zeta(\sigma+it)| + O(1)$$

$$\log |\zeta(\frac{1}{2}+it)| - \log |\zeta(\frac{5}{2}-it)|$$

$$= \log |\zeta(\frac{1}{2}+it)| - \log |\zeta(\frac{5}{2}+it)|$$

$$= \left(\frac{1/2}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\right) \log t - \frac{t \cdot \pi}{2 \cdot 2} + 2 \log t + \log |\zeta(\frac{1}{2}+it)| + O(1)$$

$$- \left(\frac{5/2}{2} - \frac{1}{2}\right) \log t + \frac{t \cdot \pi}{2 \cdot 2} - 2 \log t - \log |\zeta(\frac{5}{2}+it)| + O(1)$$

$$= -\log t + \log |\zeta(\frac{1}{2}+it)| + O(1)$$

$$\log |\zeta(\frac{5}{2}+it)|$$

$$\log \zeta(\sigma+it) = \sum_{n \geq 2} \frac{\Lambda(n)}{n^{\sigma} \log n}, \quad \sigma > 1$$

$$\log |\zeta(\sigma+it)| = \left| \operatorname{Re} \left\{ \sum_{n \geq 2} \frac{\Lambda(n)}{n^{\sigma+it} \log n} \right\} \right|$$

$$\Lambda(n) \leq \log n$$

$$\log |\zeta(\frac{5}{2}+it)| \leq \left| \sum_{n \geq 2} \frac{\Lambda(n)}{n^{\frac{5}{2}+it} \log n} \right| \leq \sum_{n \geq 2} \frac{\Lambda(n)}{n^{\frac{5}{2}} \log n} \leq \sum_{n \geq 2} \frac{1}{n^{\frac{5}{2}}} \leq \zeta(\frac{5}{2})$$

$$\Rightarrow \log |\zeta(\frac{5}{2}+it)| = O(1)$$

$$\log |\zeta(\frac{1}{2}+it)| - \log |\zeta(\frac{5}{2}-it)| = -\log t + \log |\zeta(\frac{1}{2}+it)| + O(1)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{n} f(n-t) = -\log t + \log |\zeta(\frac{1}{2}+it)| + O(1)$$

$$\log t - \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n} f(t-n) \neq O(1) = \log |\zeta(\frac{1}{2}+it)|$$