



Department of Mathematical Sciences

## Examination paper for **TMA4115 Matematikk 3**

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**Examination date:** 26th May, 2015

**Examination time (from–to):** 09:00-13:00

**Permitted examination support material:** C: Simple calculator (Casio fx-82ES PLUS, Citizen SR-270X or Citizen SR-270X College, Hewlett Packard HP30S), Rottmann: *Matematisk formelsamling*

**Other information:**

Give reasons for all answers, ensuring that it is clear how the answer has been reached. Each of the 12 problem parts has the same weight when grading.

**Language:** English

**Number of pages:** 2

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**Checked by:**

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Date

Signature

**Problem 1** Solve the quadratic equation  $z^2 + (4 + 2i)z + 3 = 0$ , write the solutions in normal form.

**Problem 2**

a) Solve the initial value problem

$$x'' + 6x' + 8x = 0, \quad x(0) = 0, \quad x'(0) = 8.$$

What is the maximal value attained by this solution  $x(t)$  for  $t > 0$ ?

b) Find the steady-state solution of the equation

$$x'' + 6x' + 8x = 4 \cos 2t.$$

**Problem 3** Find general solution of the equation

$$y'' + y = 3x + \tan(x).$$

(Hint  $\int (\cos x)^{-1} dx = \ln |\sec x + \tan x|$ .)

**Problem 4** Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & t \\ t & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

a) For which values of  $t$  does the equation  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$  have a solution for any  $\mathbf{b}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ ?

b) Find an LU decomposition of  $A$  (the result will depend on the parameter  $t$ ).

**Problem 5** Given the following vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^4$

$$\mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{v}_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \\ -2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{v}_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix},$$

let  $V = \text{Span}\{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3, \mathbf{v}_4\}$ .

a) Are the vectors  $\{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3, \mathbf{v}_4\}$  linearly independent? Find a basis for  $V$ .

b) Find an orthogonal basis for  $V$ .

c) Does there exist a vector  $\mathbf{u} \neq \mathbf{0}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^4$  which is orthogonal to  $\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3, \mathbf{v}_4$ ?

**Problem 6**

a) Find (complex) eigenvalues and (complex) eigenvectors of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) Find the solution of the system

$$\begin{aligned} x_1' &= x_1 - 2x_2 \\ x_2' &= x_1 + 3x_2 \end{aligned}$$

that satisfies the initial conditions  $x_1(0) = 1$  and  $x_2(0) = 1$ . Write down the answer using real-valued functions.

**Problem 7** Suppose that  $A$  is an  $m \times n$ -matrix with real entries. Prove that  $\mathbf{x} \cdot A^T A \mathbf{x} \geq 0$  for each  $\mathbf{x}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  and therefore each real eigenvalue of the matrix  $A^T A$  is non-negative.