

Submission Deadline: 22. November 2022, 16:00

# Exercise #12

# 08. November 2022

## Problem 1.

The classical 4th order Runge-Kutta method is given as

$$\mathbf{k}_{1} = \mathbf{f}(t_{n}, \mathbf{y}_{n})$$
$$\mathbf{k}_{2} = \mathbf{f}\left(t_{n} + \frac{h}{2}, \mathbf{y}_{n} + \frac{h}{2}\mathbf{k}_{1}\right)$$
$$\mathbf{k}_{3} = \mathbf{f}\left(t_{n} + \frac{h}{2}, \mathbf{y}_{n} + \frac{h}{2}\mathbf{k}_{2}\right)$$
$$\mathbf{k}_{4} = \mathbf{f}(t_{n} + h, \mathbf{y}_{n} + h\mathbf{k}_{3})$$
$$\mathbf{y}_{n+1} = \mathbf{y}_{n} + \frac{h}{6}(\mathbf{k}_{1} + 2\mathbf{k}_{2} + 2\mathbf{k}_{3} + \mathbf{k}_{4}).$$

- a) Implement this method in Python.
- b) Verify numerically that this method has convergence order p = 4.

You may use the example problem

$$y' = -2ty, \qquad \qquad y(0) = 1,$$

which is also used in the Jupyter notes. Recall that the analytic solution is  $y(t) = e^{-t^2}$ .

#### Problem 2. (Lipschitz continuity)

Decide whether the following functions are Lipschitz continuous for all  $t, y \in \mathbb{R}$  or not.

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a) 
$$f(t, y) = \frac{y}{t}$$
.  
b)  $f(t, y) = \frac{\sin(t)}{t}y$ 

#### Problem 3.

Consider the initial value problem

$$y' = -2ty^2, \qquad y(0) = 1.$$

a) Find the exact solution to the equation, then compute y(0.4).

*Hint:* You should obtain that y(0.4) = 25/29.

- b) Perform 4 steps of Euler's method with h = 0.1. Compute the error at the last step, that is  $e_4 := |y_4 y(0.4)|$ .
- c) Perform 2 steps of Heun's method with h = 0.2. Compute the error at the last step, that is  $e_2 := |y_2 y(0.4)|$ .
- d) Perform 1 step of the classical 4th order Runge-Kutta method (as described in the problem avove) with h = 0.4. Compute the error  $e_1 := |y_1 y(0.4)|$ . In each case, 4 function evaluations were needed. Which of the methods performed best?

#### Problem 4.

We consider the coupled mass-spring system

$$m_1 u'' = -k_1 u + k_2 (v - u),$$
  
 $m_2 v'' = -k_2 (v - u),$ 

with initial conditions

$$u(0) = a,$$
  $u'(0) = b,$   
 $v(0) = c,$   $v'(0) = d.$ 

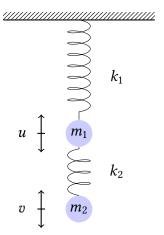
Here u and v describe the (purely vertical) displacements of the masses  $m_1$  and  $m_2$  from the

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equilibrium position, and  $k_1$ ,  $k_2 > 0$  are the spring constants:



- a) Rewrite this second order system as a system of four first-order ODEs.
- b) Perform one step of Heun's method with step length h = 0.1 for the solution of this system. Use the following parameters:

$$k_1 = 100, \quad k_2 = 200, \quad m_1 = 10, \quad m_2 = 5,$$
  
 $a = 0, \quad b = 1, \quad c = 0, \quad d = 1.$ 

- c) Use both Euler's method and Heun's method in order to find a numerical approximation of the solution of this problem (with the parameters as above) on the interval [0, 3]. Test the step lengths 0.1, 0.01, and 0.001, and plot the results. (J)
- d) From the principle of convervation of energy, it follows that the total energy in this mass-spring system remains constant for all times. For this system, this total energy is given as

$$E = \frac{m_1(u')^2}{2} + \frac{m_2(v')^2}{2} + \frac{k_1u^2}{2} + \frac{k_2(u-v)^2}{2}.$$

Test numerically, to which extent the energy E is conserved in the different numerical solutions which you have obtained in the previous step.

The next exercises are optional and should not be handed in! Problem 5. (Implementation of an ODE solver)

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```
import numpy as np
```

```
f = lambda t,y : 2/t*y
t0, tend = 1, 2
y0 = 1
N = 10

y = np.zeros(N+1)
t = np.zeros(N+1)
y[0] = y0
t[0] = a

for n in range(N):
    k1 = f(t[n],y[n])
    k2 = f(t[n]+0.5*h, y[n]+0.5*h*k1)
    k3 = f(t[n]+0.75*h, y[n]+0.75*h*k2)
    y[n+1] = y[n] + h*(2*k1+3*k2+4*k3)/9

print('t=',t)
print('y=',y)
```

- a) There are two bugs in this code. One which prevent it from running at all, and one which causes a completely nonsense output. Find and correct the errors.
- b) Which mathematical problem does this code intend to solve numerically?
- c) Which specific algorithm has been applied to the problem? No specific name is required, but present the method in the form of a Butcher tableau, and decide the order of the method.
- d) Find the first two elements of the numpy vector y, given that point a) is accomplished.

### Problem 6. (System of ODEs)

Write the second order linear ODE,

$$2y + y' + y'' + 1 = 0,$$
  
 $y(0) = 0,$   
 $y'(0) = 2,$ 

as a linear system of first order ODEs, and perform one step of Euler's method with step size 1.