

I_{∞} INDEX AT ∞

$$\dot{x} = f(x, y)$$

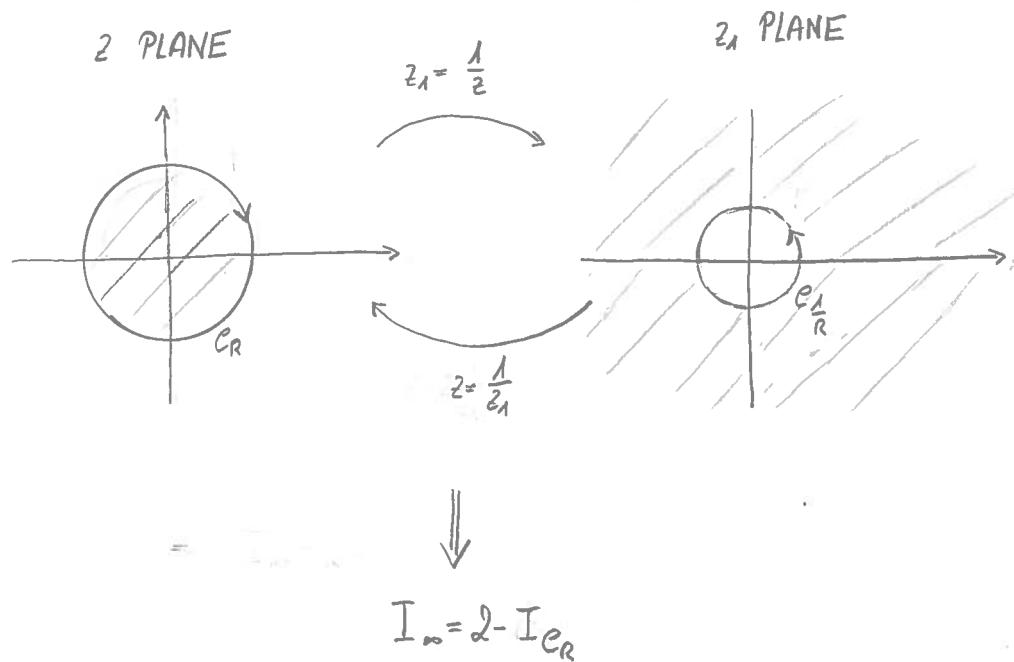
$$\dot{y} = g(x, y)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \Downarrow \\ z = x + iy \end{array}$$

$$\dot{z} = F(z) = f(x, y) + i g(x, y)$$

$$\phi(x, y) = \operatorname{Arg}(F(z))$$

CHOOSE $R > 0$ ST: (x_0, y_0) EP $\Rightarrow |(x_0, y_0)| < R$.



$$\begin{aligned}\dot{\vec{x}} &= f(\vec{x}, \vec{\mu}) \\ \vec{x}(t) &\in \mathbb{R}^n \\ \vec{\mu} &\in \mathbb{R}^m \text{ ... PARAMETER}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{y}(t) &= \begin{pmatrix} \vec{x}(t) \\ \vec{\mu} \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n+m}, \\ g: \mathbb{R}^{n+m} &\rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{n+m}; \quad \vec{y} \mapsto g(\vec{y}) = \begin{pmatrix} \dot{\vec{y}} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}\end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{\vec{y}} = g(\vec{y})$$

g ... LIPSCHITZ
 y_1, y_2 ... SOLUTIONS

$$|y_2 - y_1|^\alpha \leq L |y_2 - y_1|.$$

GRONWALL

$$|y_2(t) - y_1(t)| \leq e^{Lt} |y_2(0) - y_1(0)|.$$

SMALL CHANGES IN μ CAN LEAD TO
 LARGE CHANGES IN THE DYNAMICS

CHANGE IN THE
 NUMBER OF
 EQUILIBRIUM POINTS.

CHANGE IN THE
 STABILITY OF
 EQUILIBRIUM POINTS

μ_0 BIFURCATION POINT.
 ≈ PARAMETER WHERE THE CHANGE OCCURS.