

61(61) Let $a, b > 0$. Use the Fourier transform of the function $e^{-2\pi\lambda|x|}$ to compute

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(a^2 + x^2)(b^2 + x^2)} dx.$$

Let $a, b > 0$. Use the Fourier transform of $e^{-2\pi\lambda|x|}$ to compute:

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Recall: $P_\lambda(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{\lambda}{x^2 + \lambda^2} \Rightarrow \widehat{P}_\lambda(x) = e^{-2\pi\lambda|x|}$

And $\widehat{\widehat{P}_\lambda}(x) = P_\lambda(-x)$

Two times Fourier transform is reflection.

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{a^2 + x^2} \cdot \frac{1}{b^2 + x^2} dx = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\pi}{a} \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{a}{a^2 + x^2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{b} \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{b}{b^2 + x^2} dx$$

$$= \frac{\pi^2}{ab} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} P_a(x) P_b(x) dx$$

$$= \frac{\pi^2}{ab} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} P_a(-x) P_b(x) dx$$

$$= \frac{\pi^2}{ab} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \widehat{\widehat{P}_a}(x) P_b(x) dx$$

$$= \frac{\pi^2}{ab} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \widehat{P}_a(x) \widehat{P}_b(x) dx$$

$P_a(x)$ is even.

$P_\lambda, \widehat{P}_\lambda \in \mathcal{H}(\mathbb{R})$:

Reflection
Formula

Multiplication
Formula

$$= \frac{\pi^2}{ab} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-2\pi a|x|} \cdot e^{-2\pi b|x|} dx$$

$$= \frac{\pi^2}{ab} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-2\pi(a+b)|x|} dx$$

$$= \frac{\pi^2}{ab} 2 \int_0^{\infty} e^{-2\pi(a+b)x} dx$$

$$= \frac{\pi^2}{ab} 2 \left[\frac{e^{-2\pi(a+b)x}}{-2\pi(a+b)} \right]_{x=0}^{x=\infty}$$

$$= \frac{\pi^2}{ab} 2 \frac{1}{2\pi(a+b)}$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{ab(a+b)}$$