

Snødybder

Gj.snitt: 33.95

Median: 27

St. avvik: 26.72

↳ huskeregel:
ca 95% i normal-
fordeling

ligger innfor ± 2
st. avvik

Kvartilbredde: 41

Temperatur

Gj.snitt: -1.41

Median: -1.15

St. avvik: 3.83

Kvartilbredde: 5.1

Oppgave 1

Median: 7.25

Oppgave 2

a)

$$E(X) = 5$$

$$SD(X) = 2$$

$$E(Y|X=6) = 6$$

$$SD(Y|X=6) = 1$$

Positiv samvariasjon mellom
x og y (når x ~~øker~~ så
~~øker~~ også y)
→ positiv korrelasjon (og
kovarians)

Oppgave 3

X_i : ^{antall} #besøk på t_i timer

$X_1, \dots, X_n$: #besøk i n disjunkte intervall

$$X_i \sim \text{Po}(\lambda t_i)$$

^{varsh.}
$$= \frac{(\lambda t_i)^{x_i}}{x_i!} e^{-\lambda t_i}, \quad x_i = 0, 1, \dots$$

a) $\lambda = 10, t_1 = 1$

$$P(X_1 = 8) = \frac{10^8}{8!} e^{-10}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{0.1126}}$$

$$P(X_1 \geq 8) = 1 - P(X_1 < 8)$$

$$= 1 - P(X_1 \leq 7)$$

^{tabell $\lambda=10$}

$$= 1 - 0.2202 = \underline{\underline{0.7798}}$$

$$P(8 \leq X_1 \leq 12)$$

$$= P(X_1 \leq 12) - P(X_1 < 8)$$

$$= P(X_1 \leq 12) - P(X_1 \leq 7)$$

^{tabell $\lambda=10$}

$$= 0.7916 - 0.2202 = \underline{\underline{0.5714}}$$

b)

$$\Sigma t_i = 1 + 2 + 5 + 1 + 5 = 14$$

$$E(\hat{\lambda}) = 2.87$$

$$E(\hat{\lambda}) = \lambda$$

$$E(\hat{\lambda}) = \lambda$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\lambda}) = \text{var}$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\lambda}) = 0.0714\lambda$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\lambda}) = 0.116\lambda$$

$$= \frac{\lambda}{5} (1 + 2 + 5 + 1 + 5)$$

$$= \frac{\lambda}{5} \cdot 14 = 2.8\lambda$$

$$E(\hat{\lambda}) = E\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum \frac{X_i}{t_i}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum \frac{E(X_i)}{t_i} = \frac{1}{n} \sum \frac{\lambda t_i}{t_i}$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \lambda = \frac{n\lambda}{n} = \lambda$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\lambda}) = \frac{1}{\sum t_i} = \frac{1}{14}$$

$$\approx 0.0714\lambda$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\lambda}) = \frac{1}{n^2} \sum \frac{1}{t_i^2} \text{Var}(X_i)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n^2} \sum \frac{\lambda t_i}{t_i^2} = \frac{\lambda}{n^2} \sum \frac{1}{t_i}$$

$$E(\hat{\lambda}) = E\left(\frac{1}{n} \sum X_i\right) = \frac{1}{n} \sum E(X_i)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum \lambda t_i = \frac{\lambda}{n} \sum t_i$$

$$= \frac{\lambda}{5^2} \left(\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{5} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\lambda}{25} \cdot 2,9 = 0,116\lambda$$

$$E(\tilde{\lambda}) \neq \lambda,$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\lambda}) < \text{Var}(\tilde{\lambda})$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\hat{\lambda} \text{ best}}}$$

Oppgave 4

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} X \sim \text{Bin}(n, p) \\ Y \sim \text{Bin}(n, 2p) \end{array} \right\} \text{uavh.}$$

$$a) n=12, p=0.2$$

$$P(X \leq 3) = \underline{\underline{0.795}}$$

$$P(Y \geq 4 | X \leq 3)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{uavh.} \\ \downarrow \\ = P(Y \geq 4) \end{array}$$

$$= 1 - P(Y \leq 3)$$

$$= 1 - 0.225 = \underline{\underline{0.775}}$$

$$P(X+Y \leq 1)$$

$$= P((X=0 \cap Y=0) \cup$$

$$(X=1 \cap Y=0) \cup$$

$$(X=0 \cap Y=1))$$

$$= P(X=0 \cap Y=0) + P(X=1 \cap Y=0)$$

$$+ P(X=0 \cap Y=1)$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{uavh.} \\ \downarrow \\ = P(X=0)P(Y=0) + P(X=1)P(Y=0) \\ + P(X=0)P(Y=1) \end{array}$$

$$P(X=0) = 0.069$$

$$P(Y=0) = 0.002$$

$$P(X=1) = P(X \leq 1) - P(X=0)$$

$$= 0.275 - 0.069$$

$$= 0.206$$

$$P(Y=1) = \dots = 0.018$$

$$P(X+Y \leq 1)$$

$$= 0.069 \cdot 0.002$$

$$+ 0.206 \cdot 0.002$$

$$+ 0.069 \cdot 0.018$$

$$= \underline{\underline{0.001792}}$$

b)

$$E(\hat{p}) = E\left(\frac{X+Y}{2n}\right) = \frac{1}{2n} (E(X) + E(Y))$$

$$= \frac{1}{2n} (np + n \cdot 2p) = \frac{3np}{2n} = 1.5p$$

$$E(\tilde{p}) = \frac{1}{3n} (E(X) + E(Y)) = \frac{1}{3n} (np + 2np)$$

$$= 3np/3n = p$$

$$E(p^*) = \frac{E(X)}{2n} + \frac{E(Y)}{4n}$$

$$= \frac{np}{2n} + \frac{2np}{4n}$$

$$= \frac{np + np}{2n} = \frac{2np}{2n} = p$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{p}) = \text{irrelevant}$$

$$\text{Var}(\tilde{p}) = \text{Var}\left(\frac{X+Y}{3n}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(3n)^2} (\text{Var}(X) + \text{Var}(Y))$$

$$= \frac{1}{(3n)^2} (np(1-p) + n2p(1-2p))$$

$$= \frac{np - np^2 + 2np - 4np^2}{9n^2}$$

$$= \frac{3np - 5np^2}{9n^2} = \frac{3p - 5p^2}{9n}$$

$$\text{Var}(p^*) = \frac{\text{Var}(X)}{(2n)^2} + \frac{\text{Var}(Y)}{(4n)^2}$$

$$= \frac{np(1-p)}{4n^2} + \frac{2np(1-2p)}{16n^2}$$

$$= \frac{p-p^2}{4n} + \frac{2p-4p^2}{16n}$$

$$= \frac{2p-2p^2}{8n} + \frac{p-2p^2}{8n} = \frac{3p-4p^2}{8n}$$

Finne den minste:

$$\text{Var}(\tilde{p}) - \text{Var}(p^*)$$

$$= \frac{3p-5p^2}{9n} - \frac{3p-4p^2}{8n}$$

$$= \frac{24p-40p^2-27p+36p^2}{72n}$$

$$= \frac{-3p-4p^2}{72n} < 0 \quad \text{for } n, p > 0$$

$$\text{Var}(\tilde{p}) - \text{Var}(p^*) < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Var}(\tilde{p}) < \text{Var}(p^*)$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\tilde{p} \text{ best}}}$$

Oppgave 5

X : kjøkkenvektmåling

Y : forhandlermåling

$$X \sim N(\mu, \sigma=1)$$

$$Y \sim N(\mu, \sigma=0.5)$$

$$\text{Cov}(X, Y) = -0.2$$

a) Forv. rett + lav varians

$$E(\hat{\mu}) = E(Y) = \mu$$

$$E(\tilde{\mu}) = \frac{1}{2}(E(X) + E(Y))$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(\mu + \mu) = \mu$$

$$\text{Var}(\hat{\mu}) = \text{Var}(Y)$$

$$= 0.5^2 = 0.25$$

$$\text{Var}(\tilde{\mu}) = \frac{1}{2^2} \text{Var}(X+Y)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (\text{Var}(X) + \text{Var}(Y) + 2 \text{Cov}(X, Y))$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (1^2 + 0.5^2 + 2 \cdot (-0.2))$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (1 + 0.25 - 0.4) = 0.2125$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\tilde{\mu} \text{ best}}}$$