Slides week 37

Exponential Class of distributions

$$f(x|\mathbf{\theta}) = h(x)c(\mathbf{\theta})e^{\sum_{i=1}^{k}w_{i}(\mathbf{\theta})t_{i}(x)}$$

$$E\left(\sum_{i=1}^{k} \frac{\partial w_{i}(\mathbf{\theta})}{\partial \theta_{j}} t_{i}(X)\right) = -\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_{j}} \log c(\mathbf{\theta})$$

$$Var\left(\sum_{i=1}^{k} \frac{\partial w_{i}(\mathbf{\theta})}{\partial \theta_{j}} t_{i}(X)\right) = -\frac{\partial^{2}}{\partial \theta_{j}} \log c(\mathbf{\theta}) - E\left(\sum_{i=1}^{k} \frac{\partial^{2} w_{i}(\mathbf{\theta})}{\partial^{2} \theta_{j}} t_{i}(X)\right)$$

Location - Scale Families

f(x) pdf. The family of pdfs: $\frac{1}{\sigma} f\left(\frac{x-u}{\sigma}\right)$,

$$\mu \in (-\infty, \infty), \ \sigma > 0$$

The distribution of $Y = \mu + \sigma X$

Chebyshevs

$$g(x) \ge 0$$
, $r > 0$

$$P(g(X) \ge r) \le \frac{Eg(X)}{r}$$

Bivariate transformations

Monotone

$$U = g_1(X,Y) \Rightarrow \begin{cases} X = h_1(U,V) \\ Y = g_2(X,Y) \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} Y = h_1(U,V) \end{cases}$$

$$J = \begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial v} \\ \frac{\partial y}{\partial u} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} \end{vmatrix}$$

$$f_{U,V}(u,v) = f_{X,Y}(h_1(u,v),h_2(u,v))|J|$$