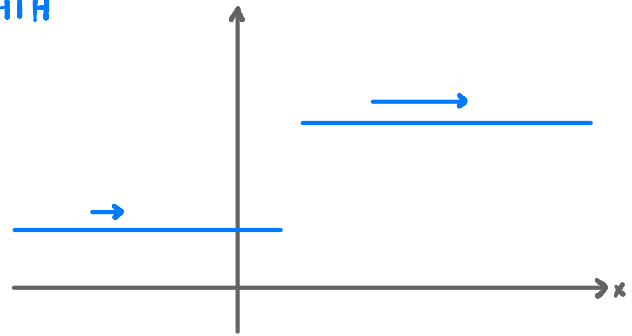
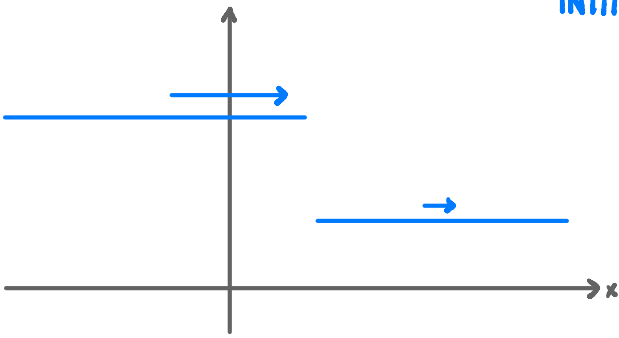
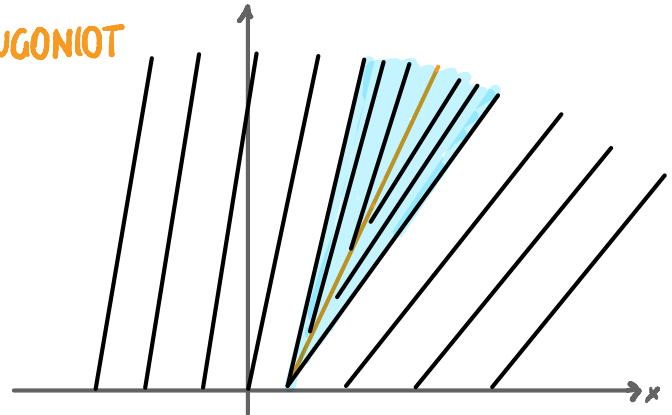
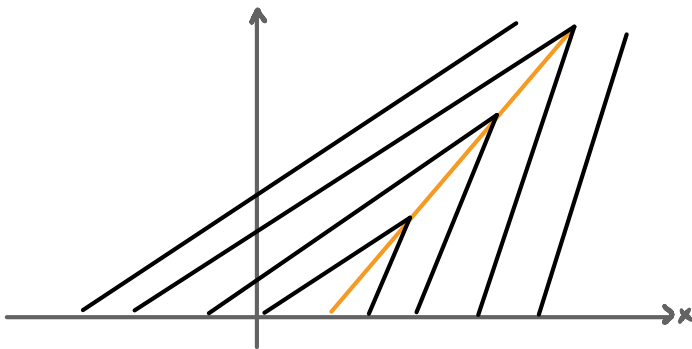


$$u_t + uu_x = 0$$

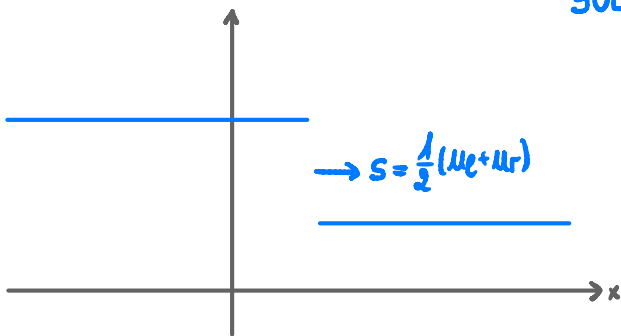
INITIAL DATA



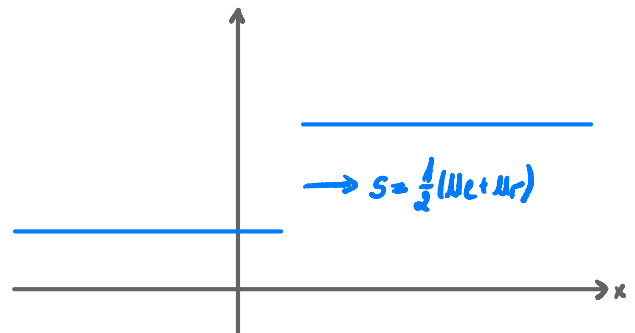
CHARACTERISTICS
RANKINE-HUGONIOT



SOLUTION

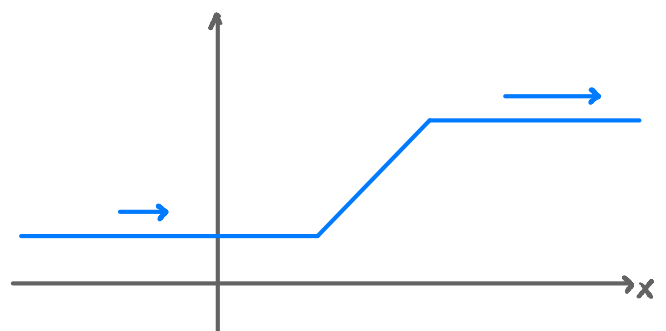
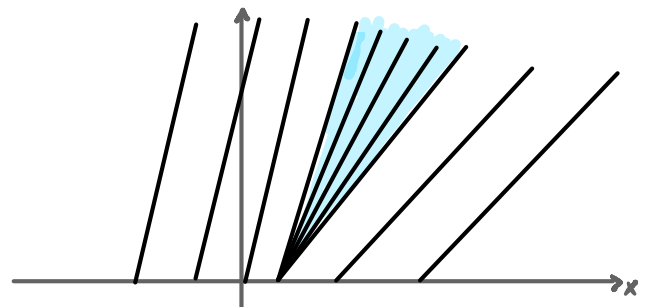


$$\rightarrow s = \frac{1}{2}(u_L + u_R)$$



$$\rightarrow s = \frac{1}{2}(u_L + u_R)$$

OTHER POSSIBILITY: RAREFACTION WAVE
CHARACTERISTICS



$$H^m(\Omega) = \{u \in L^2(\Omega) \mid \exists \eta^k u \in L^2(\Omega) \forall \|k\| \leq m\}, m \in \mathbb{N}_0$$

$$\langle u, v \rangle_{H^m} = \sum_{\|k\| \leq m} \langle \eta^k u, \eta^k v \rangle \quad \forall u, v \in H^m(\Omega)$$

$\uparrow$
 L^2 ... INNER PRODUCT

$H^m(\Omega)$... INNER PRODUCT SPACE

$$\|u\|_{H^m} = \sqrt{\langle u, u \rangle_{H^m}} = \left(\sum \|\eta^k u\|_2^2 \right)^{1/2} \quad \forall u \in H^m(\Omega)$$

$H^m(\Omega)$... NORMED VECTOR SPACE

$\{\psi_k\} \subseteq H^m(\Omega)$... CAUCHY SEQUENCE
 $\Rightarrow \{\psi_k\}$ CONVERGENT

$H^m(\Omega)$... HILBERT SPACE

$m=0$

$$H^0(\Omega) = L^2(\Omega)$$

$$C_c^\infty(\Omega) \subseteq L^2(\Omega)$$

DENSE

$m=1$

$$H^1(\Omega)$$

$$C_c^\infty(\Omega) \subseteq H^1(\Omega)$$

NOT DENSE

$$H_0^1(\Omega) = \{u \in H^1(\Omega) \mid \exists \{\psi_k\} \subseteq C_c^\infty(\Omega) \text{ SUCH THAT } \lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \|\psi_k - u\|_{H^1} = 0\}$$

$$u \in H_0^1([a, b])$$

$$u \in C([a, b])$$

$$u(a) = 0 = u(b)$$

$$\Omega \subseteq \tilde{\Omega}, u \in H_0^1(\Omega)$$

$$\tilde{u}(\vec{x}) = \begin{cases} u(\vec{x}), & \vec{x} \in \Omega \\ 0, & \vec{x} \in \tilde{\Omega} \setminus \Omega \end{cases} \in H_0^1(\tilde{\Omega})$$