

$$\begin{aligned} u_t - \Delta u &= 0 & \text{ON } (0, \infty) \times \Omega \\ u(0, \vec{x}) &= R(\vec{x}) & \forall \vec{x} \in \Omega \end{aligned}$$

$u \dots$ CLASSICAL SOLUTION

$$\int_0^\infty \int_\Omega (u_t - \Delta u) \varphi(t, \vec{x}) d^n \vec{x} dt = 0 \quad \forall \varphi \in C_c^\infty([0, \infty) \times \Omega)$$

$$\int_0^\infty \int_\Omega (-u \varphi_t + \langle \nabla u, \nabla \varphi \rangle)(t, \vec{x}) d^n \vec{x} dt = \int_\Omega R(\vec{x}) \varphi(0, \vec{x}) d^n \vec{x} \quad \forall \varphi \in C_c^\infty([0, \infty) \times \Omega)$$

$$\begin{aligned} R &\in L^1_{loc}(\Omega) \\ u(t, \cdot) &\in H^1_0(\Omega) \quad \forall t \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

u IS A WEAK SOLUTION IF

$$\int_0^\infty \int_\Omega (-u \varphi_t + \langle \nabla u, \nabla \varphi \rangle)(t, \vec{x}) d^n \vec{x} dt = \int_\Omega R(\vec{x}) \varphi(0, \vec{x}) d^n \vec{x} \quad \forall \varphi \in C_c^\infty([0, \infty) \times \Omega)$$

$$f \in L^2(\Omega) \\ \Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^n \text{ BOUNDED DOMAIN}$$

$$-\Delta u = f \\ \text{POISSON EQUATION}$$

$u \dots$ CLASSICAL SOLUTION

$$\int_{\Omega} (\Delta u + f) \psi(\vec{x}) d^n \vec{x} = 0 \quad \forall \psi \in C_c^\infty(\Omega)$$

$$\int_{\Omega} (\langle \nabla u, \nabla \psi \rangle - f \psi)(\vec{x}) d^n \vec{x} = 0 \quad \forall \psi \in C_c^\infty(\Omega)$$

$$u \in H_0^1(\Omega)$$

$$u \text{ IS A WEAK SOLUTION IF} \\ \int_{\Omega} (\langle \nabla u, \nabla \psi \rangle - f \psi)(\vec{x}) d^n \vec{x} = 0 \quad \forall \psi \in C_c^\infty(\Omega)$$

$$\mathcal{J}_f: H_0^1(\Omega) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$u \mapsto \mathcal{J}_f[u] = \mathcal{E}[u] - \langle f, u \rangle_2 \\ = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\Omega} \|\nabla u\|^2 d^n \vec{x} - \int_{\Omega} f u(\vec{x}) d^n \vec{x}$$

$$\exists u \in H_0^1(\Omega) \text{ SUCH THAT} \\ \mathcal{J}_f[u] \leq \mathcal{J}_f[w] \quad \forall w \in H_0^1(\Omega)$$

$$\mathcal{J}_f[u] \leq \mathcal{J}_f[u + t\psi] \quad \forall \psi \in C_c^\infty(\Omega), t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\left(\frac{d}{dt} \mathcal{J}_f[u + t\psi] \right) \Big|_{t=0} = 0 \quad \forall \psi \in C_c^\infty(\Omega)$$

$$\int_{\Omega} (\langle \nabla u, \nabla \psi \rangle - f \psi)(\vec{x}) d^n \vec{x} = 0 \quad \forall \psi \in C_c^\infty(\Omega)$$

$$u \dots \text{WEAK SOLUTION OF} \\ -\Delta u = f \text{ ON } \Omega$$