

$$u_{tt} - c^2 u_{xx} = 0$$

$$u(0, x) = g(x) \in \mathcal{C}^2(\mathbb{R})$$

$$u_t(0, x) = h(x) \in \mathcal{C}^1(\mathbb{R})$$

$$u(t, x) = \frac{1}{2} [g(x+ct) + g(x-ct)] + \frac{1}{2c} \int_{x-ct}^{x+ct} h(z) dz.$$

D'ALEMBERT'S FORMULA

$$u_1(x) = \frac{1}{2} g(x) + \frac{1}{2c} \int_a^x h(y) dy$$

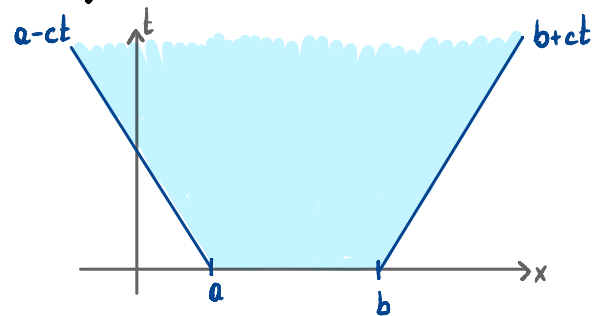
$$u_2(x) = \frac{1}{2} g(x) - \frac{1}{2c} \int_a^x h(y) dy$$

$$u(t, x) = u_1(x+ct) + u_2(x-ct)$$

TRAVELING TO THE LEFT / RIGHT
WITH SPEED c .

$$\text{supp}(g), \text{supp}(h) \subseteq [a, b]$$

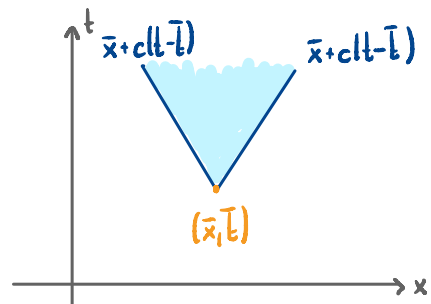
$$\text{supp}(u) = \{(t, x) \in \mathbb{R}^+ \times \mathbb{R}^2 \mid a-ct \leq x \leq b+ct\}$$



$$(t, \bar{x}) \in \mathbb{R}^+ \times \mathbb{R}$$

$$\{(t, x) \in \mathbb{R}^+ \times \mathbb{R} \mid \bar{x}-c(t-\bar{t}) \leq x \leq \bar{x}+c(t-\bar{t})\}$$

RANGE OF INFLUENCE



$$v_t - c^2 v_{xx} = f$$

$$v(0, x) = v_t(0, x) = 0$$

$$(f \in C^1(\mathbb{R}^2))$$

↓ $s > 0$

$\eta(t, x; s)$ SOLUTION TO

$$\eta_t - c^2 \eta_{xx} = 0 \quad (t > s)$$

$$\eta(s, x; s) = 0, \quad \eta_t(s, x; s) = f(s, x)$$

↓ D'ALEMBERT'S FORMULA

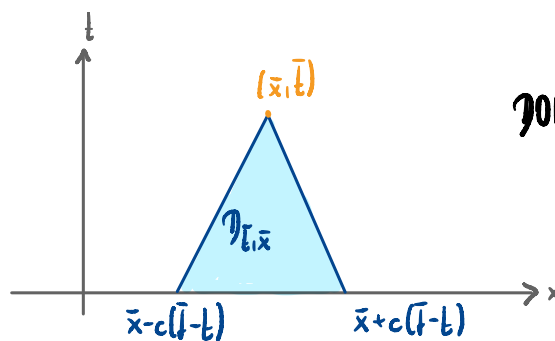
$$\eta(t, x; s) = \frac{1}{2c} \int_{x-c(t-s)}^{x+c(t-s)} f(s, x') dx'$$

↓

$$v(t, x) = \int_0^t \eta(t, x; s) ds = \frac{1}{2c} \int_0^t \int_{x-c(t-s)}^{x+c(t-s)} f(s, x') dx' ds = \frac{1}{2c} \iint \eta_{t,x} f(s, x') dx' ds$$

↓ $\eta_{t,x}$

DOMAIN OF DEPENDENCE



↓

u SOLUTION TO

$$u_t - c^2 u_{xx} = 0$$

$$u(0, x) = g(x), \quad u_t(0, x) = h(x)$$

$u = v + w$ SOLUTION TO

$$u_t - c^2 u_{xx} = f$$

$$u(0, x) = g(x), \quad u_t(0, x) = h(x)$$

$$u_t - c^2 u_{xx} = 0 \text{ ON } [0, \ell] \times \mathbb{R}^+$$

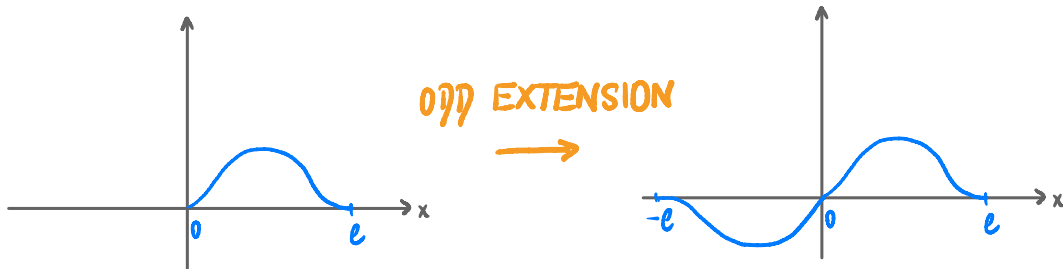
$$u(t, 0) = 0 = u(t, \ell) \quad \forall t > 0$$

$$u(0, x) = g(x), \quad u_t(0, x) = h(x) \quad x \in [0, \ell]$$

$$\downarrow \text{ ASSUME } u(t, x) = \frac{1}{2} [g(x+ct) + g(x-ct)] + \frac{1}{2c} \int_{x-ct}^{x+ct} h(y) dy$$

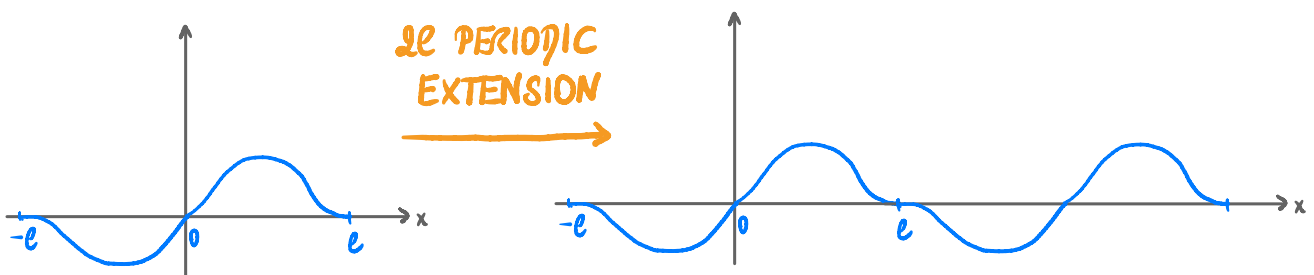
$$g(x) = -g(-x), \quad h(x) = -h(-x) \quad \forall x \in [0, \ell]$$

$$\Downarrow \\ u(t, 0) = 0 \quad \forall t > 0$$



$$g(\ell-x) = -g(\ell+x), \quad h(\ell-x) = -h(\ell+x) \quad \forall x \in [-\ell, \ell]$$

$$\Downarrow \\ u(t, \ell) = 0 \quad \forall t > 0$$



$$\downarrow \\ u(t, x) = \frac{1}{2} [g(x+ct) + g(x-ct)] + \frac{1}{2c} \int_{x-ct}^{x+ct} h(z) dz$$

$g \dots$ odd, 2ℓ PERIODIC EXTENSION

$h \dots$ odd, 2ℓ PERIODIC EXTENSION